Oliver Twist	**Name:**	**Date:**	**Quiz**	**Score**
Checkpoint Assessment	______________________	___________	**T1**	___ /10

When you have marked your quiz, put a tick next to the questions you got right and a cross next to the questions you got wrong.

Q1		**Q2**		**Q3**		**Q4**		**Q5**	
Q6		**Q7**		**Q8**		**Q9**		**Q10**	

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Numbers in brackets show the number of correct answers for each question.

1. Dickens wrote Oliver Twist in the early Victorian era. In which century did Dickens write this novel? (**1**)

   a) 15^{th} Century
   b) 19^{th} Century
   c) 20^{th} Century
   d) 18^{th} Century

2. Oliver Twist is a novel. What is a novel? (**1**)

   a) A novel is a piece of dramatic writing.
   b) A novel is a long speech by one character.
   c) A novel is an extended work of fiction telling a story.
   d) A novel is the expression of ideas through rhyme and rhythm.

3. One of these statements about Victorian London is **wrong**. Which one is it? (**1**)

   a) The population of London increased massively.
   b) There were lots of factories and London was very polluted.
   c) Overcrowding resulted in poverty and disease.
   d) Everybody in Victorian London had a high standard of living.

4. What was one reason that London's population grew rapidly in the Victorian era? (**1**)

   a) The population grew rapidly because London had become wealthy and prosperous.

b) The population grew rapidly because Charles Dickens wrote the famous Oliver Twist.
c) The population grew rapidly because it was overcrowded, unsanitary and unhygienic.
d) The population grew rapidly because Trafalgar Square and the Houses of Parliament were built.

5. Which statements about Charles Dickens are correct? (3)

a) Charles Dickens's father was sent to prison.
b) Charles Dickens spent time with his father in prison.
c) His books were not popular in his own lifetime.
d) He lived in the 19th century.

6. Thinking about Dickens's life, why did he write Oliver Twist? (**1**)

a) Dickens wanted to show orphans would be better off in workhouses.
b) Dickens wanted to show that rich people deserved to live a better life than poor people.
c) Dickens wanted to show what life was really like for poor people in Victorian London.
d) Dickens wanted to show how dirty and polluted London was.

7. What was the impact of The Poor Law? (**1**)

a) The Poor Law stopped people from begging.
b) The Poor Law got rid of poverty.
c) The Poor Law got rid of the divide between rich and poor.
d) The Poor Law treated poor people like criminals.

8. Which statement about Victorian workhouses is correct? (**1**)

a) Only orphans were sent to the workhouse.
b) Workhouses were made so unpleasant that only the most desperate would seek help there.
c) Everybody got enough food in a workhouse.
d) Families were given their own rooms to sleep in.

9. Oliver says this line:
"*Please, sir, I want some more.*"

Why does he say this? (**1**)

a) He loves gruel and wants more to eat.
b) He wants to be naughty and upset Mr. Bumble for fun.
c) The other boys pressure him in to asking for more.
d) He knows he deserves more because he has worked hard.

10. Why might Dickens have made Oliver Twist an orphan in the novel? (**3**)

a) To show all poor children were orphans in the Victorian era.
b) To make Oliver's happy ending more satisfying.
c) To show how hard life was for orphans in the Victorian era.
d) To create sympathy for Oliver.